

LITERATURE CITED

- BROWN, CLAIR A. AND DONOVAN S. CORRELL. 1942. Ferns and Fern Allies of Louisiana. Louisiana State University Press. Baton Rouge. 185 pp.
- MOORE, JOHN A. 1956. Notes on Fern Distribution in Louisiana. Amer. Fern J. 46: 82-84.

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Shorter Notes

A SELAGINELLA NEW TO MEXICO AND TWO NEW STATIONS.—Although Knobloch and Correll's *Ferns and Fern Allies of Chihuahua, Mexico* described most of the species and varieties known to occur in Chihuahua, the authors realized that other taxa would be found there in time. Being the largest state in Mexico, there are many areas yet untouched botanically. In August of 1964 I accompanied a small group of naturalists from El Paso, Texas into the Juarez Mountains (Sierra del Paso del Norte). This range borders the city of Juarez on the south and, in fact, the suburbs of the city have extended into the lower, northern part of the range. At the base of Cerro Bola in the shade of some large boulders I found *Selaginella mutica* D. C. Eaton var. *mutica* (Knobloch 2110). This is the first record of this species in Mexico. Its occurrence near the border in Mexico is not surprising in view of its presence in the Franklin Mountains just to the north across the Rio Grande River in the United States. The identification was kindly checked by Dr. Rolla Tryon, Jr., and specimens have been deposited at the Gray Herbarium and the herbarium of Michigan State University.

Five days earlier I made a small collection in the vicinity of the railroad station at Temoris on the line from Ojinaga, Chihuahua, to Topolobampo, Sinaloa. This is a new locality record for all of the specimens gathered there, including *Selaginella pallescens* (Presl) Spring (Knobloch 2106) and *S. rupicola*, (Knobloch 2104).—I. W. KNOBLOCH, Department of Botany and Plant Pathology, Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan 48823.